### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION POLICY

#### 1. Preface

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Central Bank of India, has adopted the following policy and procedures with regard to Related Party Transactions as defined below in accordance with SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with the Listing Agreement entered into with the Stock Exchanges, as part of Corporate Governance norms. However, the Bank shall comply with the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with the Listing Agreement to the extent it does not violate our respective statutes and guidelines or directives issued by regulatory authorities as the Bank is not a company under Companies Act but a body corporate constituted under the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970 and is regulated by Reserve Bank of India. The Audit Committee of the Board will review and may amend this policy from time to time.

The policy has been formulated to regulate transactions between the Bank and its Related Parties based on the laws and guidelines applicable to the Bank.

# 2. Objective

The policy is framed as per the requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with the Listing Agreement entered into by the Bank with the Stock Exchanges and intended to ensure proper approval and reporting of transactions between the Bank and its Related Parties. Such transactions shall be appropriate only, if they are in the best interest of the Bank and its shareholders.

### 3. Definitions

"Arm's length transaction" "Arm's length transaction" means a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.

"Associate" means an enterprise in which the Bank has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture of the Bank.

"Audit Committee of the Board (ACB)" ACB means a Committee of the Boardconstituted by the Board of Directors as per the guidelines of the Reserve Bank of India(RBI). The ACB provides direction as well as overseeing the operation of the total audit function of the Bank, which includes the organization, operationalisation and quality control of internal audit and inspection within the Bank and follow –up on the statutory/external audit of the Bank and inspections of the RBI.

**"Board"** means Board of Directors of the Bank in terms of Section 9 (3) of the Banking Companies (Acquisition and Transfer of Undertakings) Act, 1970.

#### "Control" -

- a. ownership, directly or indirectly, of more than one half of the voting power of the Bank, or
- b. control of the composition of the board of directors of the Bank
- c. a substantial interest in voting power and the power to direct, by statute or agreement, the financial and/or operating policies of the Bank.

"Joint Venture" means a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity, which is subject to joint control.

**"Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)"** means those persons who have the authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Bank. Only Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer & Executive Directors are considered as KMP.

"Material Related Party Transaction" means a transaction with a related party if the transactions to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds ten percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the Bank as per the last audited financial statements of the Bank.

"Policy" means Related Party Transaction Policy.

"Related Party" –Parties are considered to be related if at any time during the reporting period one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and/or operating decisions.

"**Related Party Transaction**" is a transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Bank and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

"Relative" – in relation to an individual, means the spouse, son, daughter, brother, sister, father and mother who may be expected to influence, or to be influenced by, that individual in his/her dealings with the reporting enterprises.

## "Subsidiary" means a company:

- (a) in which the Bank holds, either by itself and/or through one or more subsidiaries, more than one-half in nominal value of its equity share capital; or
- (b) of which the Bank controls either by itself and/or through one or more subsidiaries, the composition of its Board of Directors.



### 4. Disclosures

Pursuant to requirements of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 read with the Listing Agreement, the Bank is required to disclose to the Stock Exchanges the details of all material transactions with related parties quarterly along with the compliance report on corporate governance. The listed entity shall submit within 30 days from the date of publication of its standalone and consolidated financial results for the half year, disclosures of related party transactions on a consolidated basis, in the format specified in the relevant accounting standards for annual results to the stock exchanges and publish the same on its website. The policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions is also required to be disclosed on Bank's website and a web link thereto to be provided in the Annual report.

Details of contract(s) or arrangement(s) with related parties shall be disclosed in the Board's Report along with the justification. The Board's Report shall be placed before Audit Committee for its review and then to the Board for approval.

The Reserve Bank of India Master Circular DBOD.BP.BC.No.23/21.04.018/2015-16 dated July 1, 2015 on Disclosure in Financial Statements - Notes to Accounts, has provided detailed guidance to Banks in the matter of disclosures in the "Notes to Accounts" to the Financial Statements. The Accounting Standard 18 relating to Related Party Disclosures is applicable for reporting related party relationships and transactions between a reporting enterprise and its related parties. The illustrative disclosure format recommended by the ICAI as a part of General Clarification (GC) 2/2002 has been suitably modified by RBI to suit Banks and the illustrative format of disclosure by banks for the AS 18 is annexed as Annexure -1. The Disclosures shall be made in accordance with this Policy.

### 5. Policy

- 5.1 All Related Party Transactions (RPTs) shall require prior approval of the Audit Committee of the Board (ACB). However, the ACB may grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions proposed to be entered into by the Bank subject to the following conditions:
  - a. The Audit Committee shall lay down the criteria for granting the omnibus approval in line with the policy on Related Party Transactions of the Bank and such approval shall be applicable in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature.

- b. The Audit Committee shall satisfy itself the need for such omnibus approval and that such approval is in the interest of the Bank;
- c. Such omnibus approval shall specify (i) the name/s of the related party, nature of transaction, period of transaction, maximum amount oftransaction that can be entered into, (ii) the indicative base price / current contracted price and the formula for variation in the price if any and (iii) such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit;

Provided that where the need for Related Party Transaction cannot be foreseen and aforesaid details are not available, Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions subject to their value not exceeding Rs.1 crore per transaction.

- d. Audit Committee shall review, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of RPTs entered into by the Bank pursuant to each of the omnibus approval given.
- e. Such omnibus approvals shall be valid for a period not exceeding one yearand shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of one year.
- 5.2 All material Related Party Transactions shall require approval of the shareholders through special resolution and the related parties shall abstain from voting on such resolutions.

Provided that the rules mentioned in points 5.1 & 5.2 shall not be applicable in the following cases:

- (i) transactions entered into between two government companies;
- (ii) transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.

Explanation (i): For the purpose of Clause 49(VII), "Government Company" shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013."

Explanation (ii): For the purpose of Clause 49(VII), all entities falling under the definition of related parties shall abstain from voting irrespective of whether the entity is a party to the particular transaction or not."

# 5.3 Type of Related Party Transactions to be covered

In line with RBI Master Circular DBOD.BP.BC.No.23/21.04.018/2015-16 dated July 1, 2015 - Disclosure in Financial Statements - Notes to Accounts (Accounting Standard 18), the following transactions will be covered such as:

- i) Borrowings
- ii) Deposit
- iii) Placement of deposits
- iv) Advances
- v) Investments
- vi) Non-funded commitments
- vii) Leasing/HP arrangements availed
- viii) Leasing/HP arrangements provided
- ix) Purchase of fixed assets
- x) Sale of fixed assets
- xi) Interest paid
- xii) Interest received
- xiii) Rendering of services
- xiv) Receiving of services
- xv) Management contracts

#### 5.4 List of Related Parties

- (a) Key Managerial Personnel
- (b) Subsidiaries (At present, Cent Bank Financial Services Ltd. and Cent Bank Home Finance Ltd.)
- (c) Associates : At present, following are associates
  - (I) Regional Rural Banks
    - i) Uttar Bihar Gramin Bank
    - ii) Uttarbanga Kshetriya Gramin Bank
  - (II) Indo Zambia Bank Limited

# 5.5 Identification of Potential Related Party Transactions

a. Each Director and Key Managerial Personnel is responsible for providing notice to the Audit Committee, of any potential Related Party Transaction (other than pre-approved transactions as contained in para 5.6 below) involving him or her on his or her Relative, including any additional information about the transaction that the Audit Committee may reasonably request. The Audit Committee will determine whether the transaction does, in fact, constitute a Related Party Transaction requiring compliance with the policy.



b. The notice of any such potential Related Party Transaction should be given to the Audit Committee well in advance so that the Audit Committee has adequate time to obtain and review information about the proposed transaction.

Details required for ascertaining related party

- I. Declaration/Disclosure of interest by all the Directors and Key Managerial Persons (KMP) in the prescribed form as per annexure 2.
- II. Declaration of relatives by all Directors and KMPs.
- III. Declaration about a firm in which director or KMP is a member or Director.
- IV. Declaration about a private company in which director or KMP is a member or Director.
- V. Declaration regarding a public company in which a director or KMP is a Director and holds along with the relatives more than 2% of the paid up share capital.
- VI. Notices from Directors of any change in particulars of Directorship or in the position during the year .
- VII. Declaration by holding company regarding Directors/KMPs and their relatives.
- VIII. Details of any body corporate whose Board of Directors, Managing director or KMP is accustomed to act in accordance with advice, directions or instructions of a director or KMP of the Bank.
  - IX. Details of any person on whose advice, directions or instructions a director or KMP is accustomed to act. Provided that nothing in point no. VIII & IX shall apply to the advice, directions or instructions given in a professional capacity.
  - X. Details of any company which is
    - a. a holding, subsidiary or an associate company of such company or
    - b. a subsidiary of a holding company to which it is a subsidiary.

## 5.6 Procedure for seeking approval of Related Party Transactions

As and when any transaction is contemplated with any Related Party, the concerned office entertaining the request shall submit to the Board Secretariat at Central Office, the details of proposed transaction with details/draft contract/ draft agreement or other supporting documents justifying that the transactions are on arm's length basis in an ordinary course of business at prevailing market rate. Based on this, the Board Secretariat shall appropriately take it up for necessary prior approvals from the Audit Committee at its next meeting and convey back the decision to the originator.

The Board Secretariat shall maintain records indicating particulars of all contracts or arrangements and thereafter the same shall be placed before the next meeting of the Board.



# 5.7 Review and Approval of Related Party Transactions

Related Party Transactions will be referred to the next regularly scheduled meeting of Audit Committee for review and approval. Any member of the Board who has interest in any related party transaction will rescue himself and abstain from discussion and voting on the approval of the related party transaction.

To review a Related Party Transaction, the Audit Committee will be provided with all relevant material information of the Related Party Transaction, including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Bank and to the Related Party, and any other relevant matters.

If the Audit Committee determines that a Related Party Transaction should be brought before the Board, or if the Board in any case decides to review any such matter or it is mandatory under any law for Board to approve the Related Party Transaction, then the considerations set forth above shall apply to the Board's review and approval of the matter, with such modification as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following Related Party Transactions shall not require approval of Audit Committee or Shareholders:

- a. Any transaction that involves providing of compensation to a director or Key Managerial Personnel in connection with his or her duties to the Bank or any of its subsidiaries or associates, including the reimbursement of reasonable business and travel expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business.
- b. Any transaction in which the Related Party's interest arises solely from ownership of securities issued by the Bank and all holders of such securities receive the same benefits pro rata as the Related Party.

## 6. Secrecy Provisions

In terms of paragraph 5 of Accounting Standard 18, the disclosure requirements do not apply in circumstances when providing such disclosures would conflict with the reporting enterprise's duties of confidentiality as specifically required in terms of statute, by regulator or similar competent authority. In terms of Paragraph 6 of Accounting Standard 18, in case a statute or the RBI or a similar competent authority governing the Bank prohibit the Bank from disclosing certain information which is required to be disclosed, non-disclosure of such information would not be deemed as non-compliance with the requirements of Accounting Standard 18. It is clear from the



above that bank is obliged by the law to maintain confidentiality in respect of the customers" transactions and the accounting standard 18 would not override the obligation of the Bank to preserve the confidentiality of customers" dealings.

# 7. Related Party Transactions without the prior approval under this Policy

In the event the Bank becomes aware of a Related Party Transaction with a Related Party that has not been approved under this Policy prior to its consummation, the matter shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee shall consider all the relevant facts and circumstances regarding the Related Party Transaction and shall evaluate all options available to the Bank, including ratification, revision or termination of the Related Party Transaction. The Audit Committee shall also examine the facts and circumstances pertaining to the failure of reporting such Related Party Transaction to the Audit Committee under this Policy, and shall take any such action it deems appropriate.

In any case, where the Audit Committee determines not to ratify a Related Party Transaction that has been commenced without approval, the Audit Committee, as appropriate, may direct additional actions including, but not limited to, immediate discontinuation or rescission of the transaction.

In connection with any review of a Related Party Transaction, the Audit Committee has the final authority to modify or waive any procedural requirements of this Policy.



#### **Annexure 1**

# **Format for Related Party Disclosures**

The manner of disclosures required by paragraphs 23 and 26 of AS 18 is illustrated below. It may be noted that the format is merely illustrative and is not exhaustive.

(Amount in INR crore)

(- )		1	1.			
Items / Related	Parent (as	Subsidiaries	Associates/	KMP@	Relatives	Total
Party	per		Joint		of KMP	
	ownership or		Ventures			
	control)					
Borrowings#						
Deposit#						
Placement of						
deposits#						
Advances#						
Investments#						
Non funded						
commitments#						
Leasing						
arrangements						
availed#						
Leasing						
arrangements						
provided#						
Purchase of						
fixed assets						
Sale of fixed						
assets						
Interest paid						
Interest						
received						
Rendering of						
services*						
Receiving of						
services*						
Management						
contracts*						

**Note:** Where there is only one entity in any category of related party, banks need not disclose any details pertaining to that related party other than the relationship with that related party

@ Whole time directors of the Board.

# The outstanding at the year-end and the maximum during the year are to be disclosed.

 $<sup>\</sup>hbox{$\star$ Contract services etc. and not services like remittance facilities, locker facilities etc.}\\$ 

# **Annexure 2**

Format of declaration to be given by the Director / KMP / Related Party						
I,	son/daughter/spouse of	resident				
of	son/daughter/spouse of being a Director/ Key Managerial	Personnel (KMP), relative of				
	ctor or Key Managerial Personnel / related party in the co					
my i	nterest of concern in the following company or companie	s, bodies corporate, firms or				
othe	r association of individuals / transactions :-					
1	Name of the Company / Body Corporate / firm					
	Association of Individuals					
2	The name of the related party and nature of					
	relationship					
3	The nature, duration of the contract and particulars					
	of the contract or arrangement					
4	Nature of Transaction					
5	Material terms of the contract or arrangement					
-	including the value, if any					
6	Any advance paid or received for the contract or					
7	arrangement, if any					
/	Manner of determining the pricing and other					
	commercial terms, both included as part of contract					
8	and not considered as part of the contract					
Ö	Whether all factors relevant to the contract have been considered, if not the details of factors not considered					
	·					
9	with the rationale for not considering those factors Whether arm's length transaction					
10	Whether as per approved scheme of the Bank					
11	Any other information relevant or important for the					
11	Board to take a decision on the proposed transaction.					
	board to take a decision on the proposed transaction.	<u> </u>				
I fur	ther undertake to inform to the Bank immediately, in case	e of any change in the above				
	ompany Secretary of the Bank.	o or any onange in the above				
	ampuny secretary or one zuma					
Sign	ature					
	:					
Desi	 gnation:					
	-					
Docu	iments attached:					